

SY56017R

Low Voltage 1.2V/1.8V/2.5V CML 2:1 MUX 6.4Gbps with Equalization

Preliminary

General Description

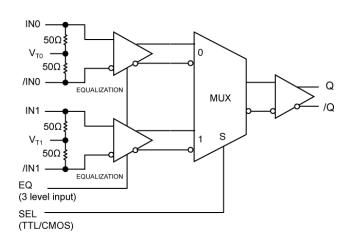
The SY56017R is a fully differential, low voltage 1.2V/1.8V/2.5V CML 2:1 MUX with input equalization. The SY56017R can process clock signals as fast as 4.5 GHz or data patterns up to 6.4Gbps.

The differential input includes Micrel's unique, 3-pin input termination architecture that interfaces to CML differential signals, without any level-shifting or termination resistor networks in the signal path. The differential input can also accept AC-coupled LVPECL and LVDS signals. Input voltages as small as 200mV ($400mV_{pp}$) are applied before the 9", 18" or 27" FR4 transmission line. For AC-coupled input interface applications, an internal voltage reference is provided to bias the V_T pin. The outputs are CML, with extremely fast rise/fall times guaranteed to be less than 80ps.

The SY56017R operates from a 2.5V ±5% core supply and a 1.2V, 1.8V or 2.5V ±5% output supply and is guaranteed over the full industrial temperature range (-40°C to +85°C). The SY56017R is part of Micrel's highspeed, Precision Edge[®] product line.

Data sheets and support documentation can be found on Micrel's web site at: <u>www.micrel.com</u>.

Functional Block Diagram





Precision Edge[®]

Features

- 1.2V/1.8V/2.5V CML 2:1 MUX
- Equalizes 9, 18, 27 inches of FR4
- Guaranteed AC performance over temperature and voltage:
 - DC-to > 6.4Gbps Data throughput
 - DC-to > 4.5GHz Clock throughput
 - <280 ps propagation delay (IN-to-Q)
 - <20ps input skew</p>
 - <80ps rise/fall times
- Ultra-low jitter design
 - <1ps_{RMS} cycle-to-cycle jitter
- High-speed CML outputs
- + 2.5V ±5% V_{CC} , 1.2/1.8V/2.5V ±5% V_{CCO} power supply operation
- Industrial temperature range: -40°C to +85°C
- Available in 16-pin (3mm x 3mm) QFN package

Applications

- Data Distribution:
- SONET clock and data distribution
- Fiber Channel clock and data distribution
- Gigabit Ethernet clock and data distribution

Markets

- Storage
- ATE
- Test and measurement
- Enterprise networking equipment
- High-end servers
- Metro area network equipment

Precision Edge is a registered trademark of Micrel, Inc.

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Ordering Information⁽¹⁾

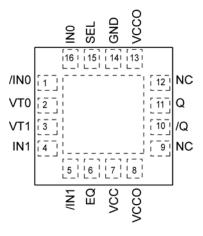
Part Number	Package Type	Operating Range	Package Marking	Lead Finish
SY56017RMG	QFN-16	Industrial	R017 with Pb-Free bar-line indicator	NiPdAu Pb-Free
SY56017RMGTR ⁽²⁾	QFN-16	Industrial	R017 with Pb-Free bar-line indicator	NiPdAu Pb-Free

Notes:

1. Contact factory for die availability. Dice are guaranteed at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, DC Electricals only.

2. Tape and Reel.

Pin Configuration



16-Pin QFN

Truth Table

SEL	OUTPUT
0	IN0 Input Selected
1	IN1 Input Selected

EQ	EQUALIZATION
LOW	27 "
FLOAT	18"
HIGH	9"

Pin Description

Pin Number	Pin Name	Pin Function	
16,1	IN0, /IN0	Differential Inputs: Signals as small as 200mV V _{PK} (400mV _{PP}) applied to the input of 9, 18 or 27 inches 6 mil FR4 stripline transmission line are then terminated with the differential	
4,5	IN1, /IN1	input . Each input pin internally terminates with 50 Ω to the VT pin.	
2	VT0	Input Termination Center-Tap: Each side of the differential input pair terminates to a VT	
3	VT1	pin. This pin provides a center-tap to a termination network for maximum interface flexibility. An internal high impedance resistor divider biases VT to allow input AC-coupling. For AC-coupling, bypass VT with 0.1µF low ESR capacitor to VCC. See "Interface Applications" subsection and Figure 2a.	
6	EQ	Three level input for equalization control. High, float, low. EQ pin applies the same EC setting to both inputs.	
15	SEL	This single-ended TTL/CMOS-compatible input selects the inputs to the multiplexer. Note that this input is internally connected to a $25k \Omega$ pullup resistor and will default to a logic HIGH state if left open.	
7	VCC	Positive Power Supply: Bypass with $0.1\mu F//0.01\mu F$ low ESR capacitors as close to th pins as possible. Supplies input and core circuitry.	
8,13	VCCO	Output Supply: Bypass with $0.1\mu F/\!/0.01\mu F$ low ESR capacitors as close to the V_{CCO} pins as possible. Supplies the output buffers.	
14	GND, Exposed pad	Ground: Exposed pad must be connected to a ground plane that is the same potential as the ground pins.	
11,10	Q, /Q	CML Differential Output Pair: Differential buffered copy of the input signal. The output swing is typically 390mV. See "Interface Applications" subsection for termination information.	

Absolute Maximum Ratings⁽¹⁾

Supply Voltage (V _{CC})0.5V to + Supply Voltage (V _{CCO})0.5V to + V _{CC} - V _{CCO}	·3.0V
V _{CCO} - V _{CC}	
Input Voltage (V _{IN})–0.5V to	o V _{CC}
CML Output Voltage (V _{OUT})0.6V to	3.0V
Current (V _T)	
Source or sink on VT pin±10	0mA
Input Current	
Source or sink Current on (IN, /IN)±5	i0mA
Maximum operating Junction Temperature1	25°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 20sec.)2	60°C
Storage Temperature (T _s)65°C to +1	

Operating Ratings⁽²⁾

Supply Voltage (V _{CC})	
(V _{CCO})	1.14V to
2.625V	
Ambient Temperature (T_A) Package Thermal Resistance ⁽³⁾	–40°C to +85°C
Package Thermal Resistance ⁽³⁾	
QFN	
Still-air (θ _{JA})	75°C/W
Junction-to-board (ψ_{JB})	

DC Electrical Characteristics⁽⁴⁾

 $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to +85°C, unless otherwise stated.

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Units
V _{CC}	Power Supply Voltage Range	V _{cc}	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
		V _{cco}	1.14	1.2	1.26	V
		Vcco	1.7	1.8	1.9	V
		Vcco	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
Icc	Power Supply Current	Max. V _{CC}		55	80	mA
Icco	Power Supply Current	No Load. V _{CCO}		16	21	mA
R _{IN}	Input Resistance (IN-to-V _T , /IN-to-V _T)		45	50	55	Ω
$R_{\text{DIFF}_{IN}}$	Differential Input Resistance (IN-to-/IN)		90	100	110	Ω
V _{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage (IN, /IN)	IN, /IN	1.42		V _{cc}	V
V _{IL}	Input LOW Voltage (IN, /IN)	IN, /IN 1.22V = 1.7-0.475	1.22		V _{IH} 0.2	V
V _{IN}	Input Voltage Swing (IN, /IN)	see Figure 3a, Note 5, applied to input of transmission line.	0.2		1.0	V
V_{DIFF_IN}	Differential Input Voltage Swing (IN - /IN)	see Figure 3b, Note 5, applied to input of transmission line.	0.4		2.0	V
$V_{T_{IN}}$	Voltage from Input to V_T				1.28	V

Notes:

 Permanent device damage may occur if absolute maximum ratings are exceeded. This is a stress rating only and functional operation is not implied at conditions other than those detailed in the operational sections of this data sheet. Exposure to absolute maximum ratings conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

2. The data sheet limits are not guaranteed if the device is operated beyond the operating ratings.

3. Package thermal resistance assumes exposed pad is soldered (or equivalent) to the device's most negative potential on the PCB. ψ_{JB} and θ_{JA} values are determined for a 4-layer board in still-air number, unless otherwise stated.

4. The circuit is designed to meet the DC specifications shown in the above table after thermal equilibrium has been established.

5. $V_{IN}(max)$ is specified when V_T is floating.

CML Outputs DC Electrical Characteristics⁽⁶⁾

 $V_{CCO} = 1.14V$ to 1.26V $R_L = 50\Omega$ to V_{CCO} ,

 V_{CCO} = 1.7V to 1.9V, 2.375V to 2.625V, R_L = 50 Ω to V_{CCO} or 100 Ω across the outputs,

 $V_{CC} = 2.375V$ to 2.625V; $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to +85°C, unless otherwise stated.

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Units
V _{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage	$R_L = 50\Omega$ to V_{CCO}	V _{CC} -0.020	V _{CC} -0.010	V _{CC}	V
Vout	Output Voltage Swing	See Figure 3a	300	390	475	mV
V _{DIFF_OUT}	Differential Output Voltage Swing	See Figure 3b	600	780	950	mV
R _{OUT}	Output Source Impedance		45	50	55	Ω

LVTTL/CMOS DC Electrical Characteristics⁽⁶⁾

 V_{CC} = 2.375V to 2.625V; T_A = -40°C to +85°C, unless otherwise stated.

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Units
V _{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage		2.0		V _{cc}	V
VIL	Input LOW Voltage				0.8	V
I _{IH}	Input HIGH Current		-125		30	μA
IIL	Input LOW Current		-300			μA

Three Level EQ Input DC Electrical Characteristics⁽⁶⁾

 V_{CC} = 2.375V to 2.625V; T_A = -40°C to +85°C, unless otherwise stated.

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Units
VIH	Input HIGH Voltage		V _{CC} -0.3		Vcc	V
VIL	Input LOW Voltage		0		V _{EE} +0.3	V
I _{IH}	Input HIGH Current	$VIH = V_{CC}$			400	μA
IIL	Input LOW Current	VIL = GND	-480			μA

Note:

6. The circuit is designed to meet the DC specifications shown in the above table after thermal equilibrium has been established.

AC Electrical Characteristics

 $V_{CCO} = 1.14V$ to 1.26V $R_L = 50\Omega$ to V_{CCO} .

 V_{CCO} = 1.7V to 1.9V, 2.375V to 2.625V, R_{L} = 50 Ω to V_{CCO} or 100 Ω across the outputs,

 V_{CC} = 2.375V to 2.625V; T_A = -40°C to +85°C, unless otherwise stated.

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Units
f _{MAX}	Maximum Frequency	NRZ Data	6.4			Gbps
		V _{OUT} > 200mV Clock	4.5			GHz
t _{PD}	Propagation Delay IN-to-Q	Note 7, Figure 1	100	180	280	ps
	SEL-to-Q	Figure 1	90	210	350	ps
t _{Skew}	Input-to-Input Skew	Note 8			20	ps
	Part-to-Part Skew	Note 9			100	ps
t _{Jitter}	Random Jitter	Note 10			1	ps _{RMS}
	Crosstalk Induced Jitter (Adjacent Channel)	Note 11			0.7	рs _{pp}
t _R t _F	Output Rise/Fall Time (20% to 80%)	At full output swing.	20	50	80	ps

Notes:

7. Propagation delay is measured with no attenuating transmission line connected to the input.

8. Input-to-Input skew is the difference in time between both inputs and the output for the same temperature, voltage and transition.

9. Part-to-part skew is defined for two parts with identical power supply voltages at the same temperature and no skew at the edges at the respective inputs.

10. Random jitter is measured with a K28.7 pattern, measured at $\leq f_{MAX}$.

11. Crosstalk induced jitter is defined as the added jitter that results from signals applied to the adjacent channel. It is measured at the output while applying a similar, differential clock frequencies that are asynchronous with respect to each other at the adjacent input.

Interface Applications

For Input Interface Applications see Figures 4a-e and for CML Output Termination see Figures 5a-d.

CML Output Termination with VCCO 1.2V

For VCCO of 1.2V, Figure 5a, terminate the output with 50 Ohms to 1.2V, not 100 ohms differentially across the outputs. If AC-coupling is used, Figure 5d, terminate into 50 ohms to 1.2V before the coupling capacitor and then connect to a high value resistor to a reference voltage. Any unused output pair needs to be terminated, do not leave floating.

CML Output Termination with VCCO 1.8V

For VCCO of 1.8V, Figure 5a and Figure 5b, terminate with either 50 ohms to 1.8V or 100 ohms differentially across the outputs. AC- or DC-coupling is fine.

Input Termination

1.8V CML driver: Terminate input with VT tied to 1.8V. Don't terminate 100 ohms differentially.

2.5V CML driver: Terminate input with either VT tied to 2.5V or 100 ohms differentially.

The input cannot be DC coupled from a 1.2V CML driver.

Timing Diagrams

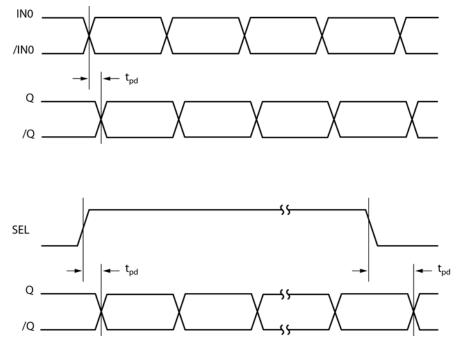
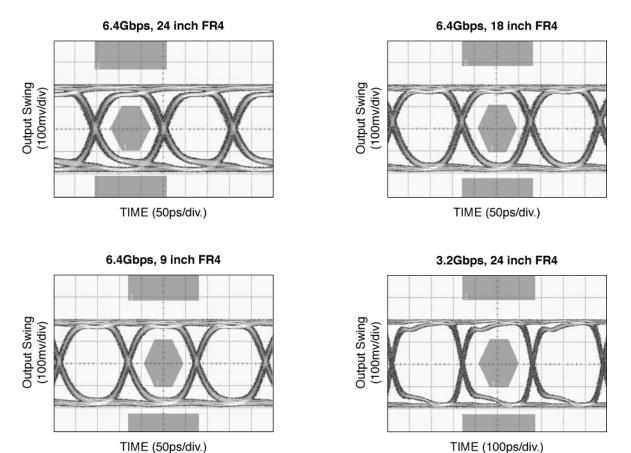


Figure 1. Propagation Delay

Typical Characteristics

 V_{CC} = 2.5, V_{CCO} = 1.2V, GND = 0V, V_{IN} = 400mV, R_L = 50 Ω to 1.2V, Data Pattern: 2²³-1, T_A = 25°C, unless otherwise stated.



Input and Output Stage

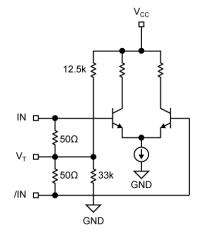


Figure 2a. Simplified Differential Input Buffer

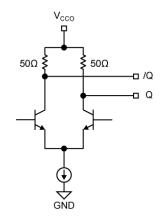


Figure 2b. Simplified CML Output Buffer

Single-Ended and Differential Swings

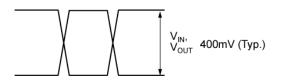


Figure 3a. Single-Ended Swing

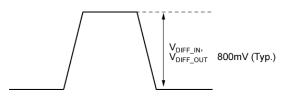
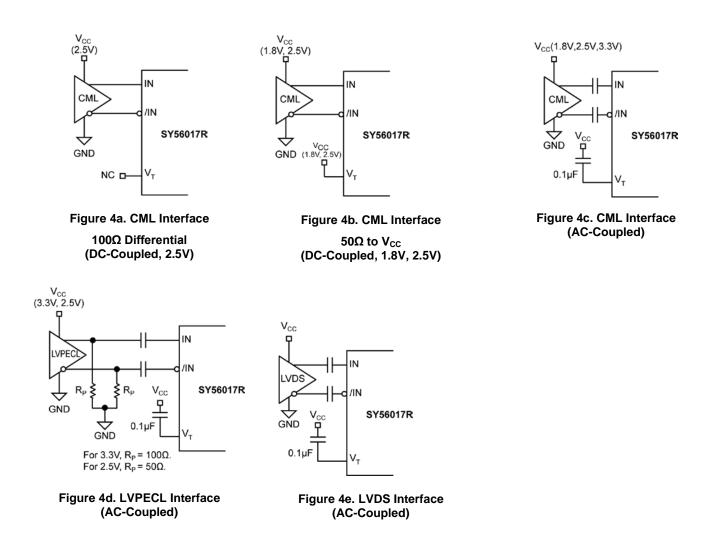


Figure 3b. Differential Swing

Input Interface Applications



CML Output Termination

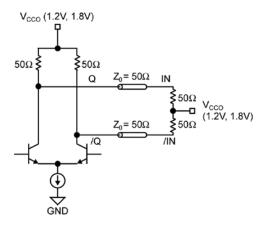
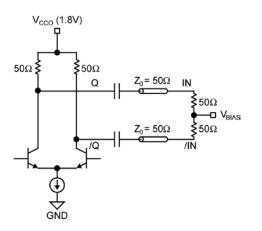
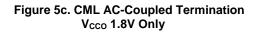


Figure 5a. 1.2V or 1.8V CML DC-Coupled Termination





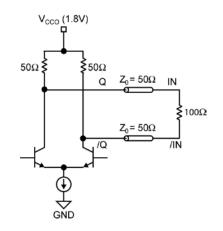
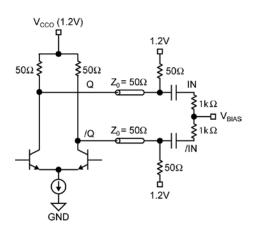
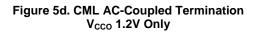


Figure 5b. 1.8V CML DC-Coupled Termination

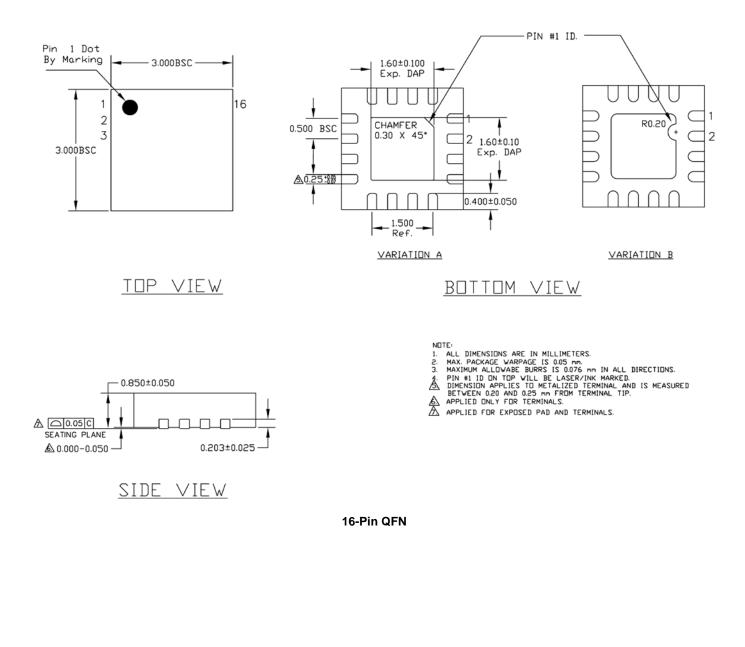




Related Product and Support Documents

Part Number	Function	Datasheet Link
HBW Solutions	New Products and Termination Application Notes	http://www.micrel.com/page.do?page=/product- info/as/HBWsolutions.shtml

Package Information



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